



Nevada Drug Overdose Data: Washoe County Updates

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Presentation Overview

- Review recent overdoserelated data from multiple sources (emphasis on Washoe County data with some Statewide data included):
 - Hospital-based data (non-fatal overdose)
 - Mortality data (fatal overdose)
 - Prescription drug monitoring data



Hospital-based Overdose Data

Data prepared/compiled by:

Nevada Overdose Data to Action Program

Nevada Department of Health and Human Services

Office of Analytics







	Data Origin	Advantages	Disadvantages
1. Syndromic Surveillance	ED visits before confirmatory diagnosis	Most data available within 24 hours, 90%+ of emergency departments reporting	Sensitive case definitions Suspected visits – lack confirmatory drug testing
2. Hospital Billing Data (CHIA)	Billing data from ED visits and inpatient admissions	Demographics and wide range of discharge diagnosis metrics available, all EDs report	Delayed several months Relies on ICD codes only



Case Definitions for Hospital-based Sources

Syndromic Surveillance

- ICD Codes for poisoning, overdose, and abuse
- SNOMED Codes
- Chief complaint description

Hospital Billing (CHIA)

ICD codes for opioid poisoning and opioid related disorders

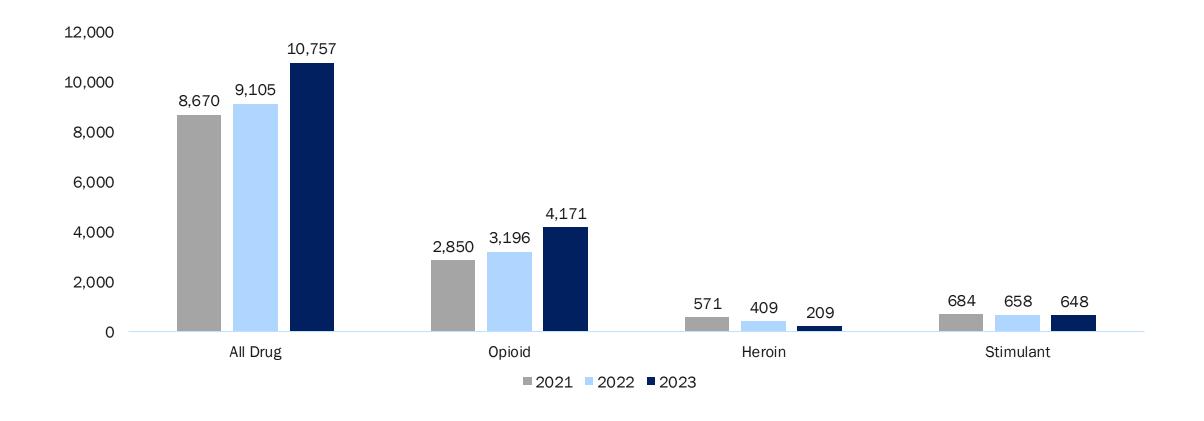


Syndromic Surveillance Data

 Note: Monthly syndromic surveillance reports dating back to September 2020 are available at https://nvopioidresponse.org/initiatives/od2a/

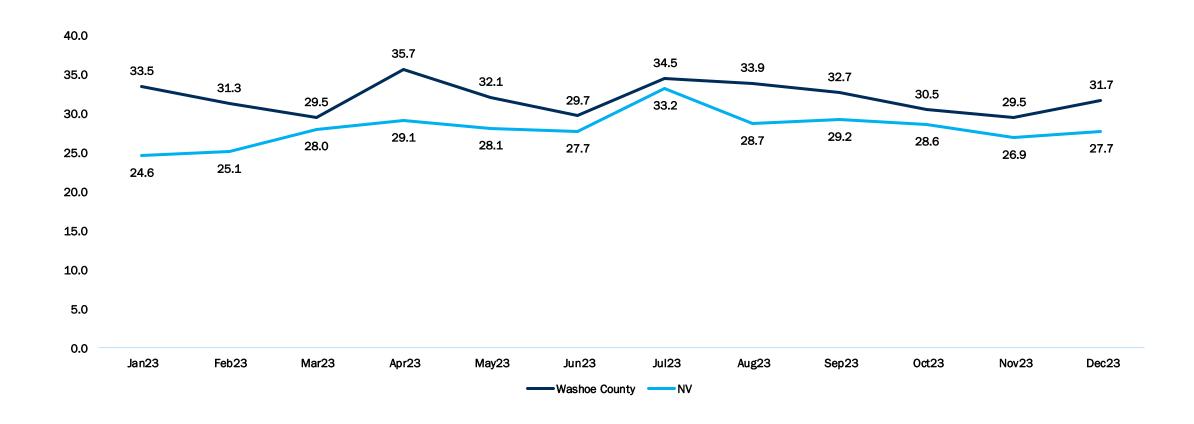
Suspected <u>all drug</u>, <u>opioid</u>, <u>heroin</u>, and <u>stimulant-related overdose</u> <u>encounters</u> in NV from <u>Syndromic Surveillance</u>, 2021-2023





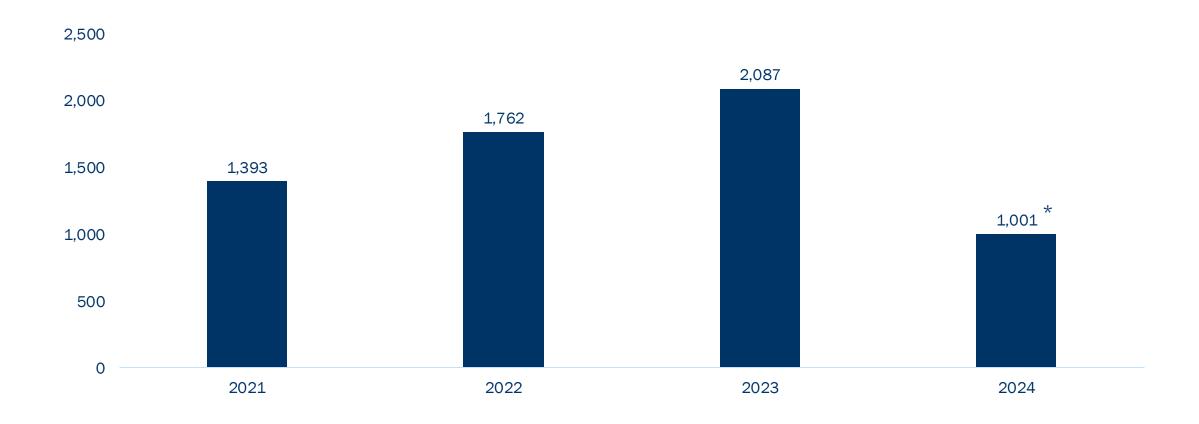






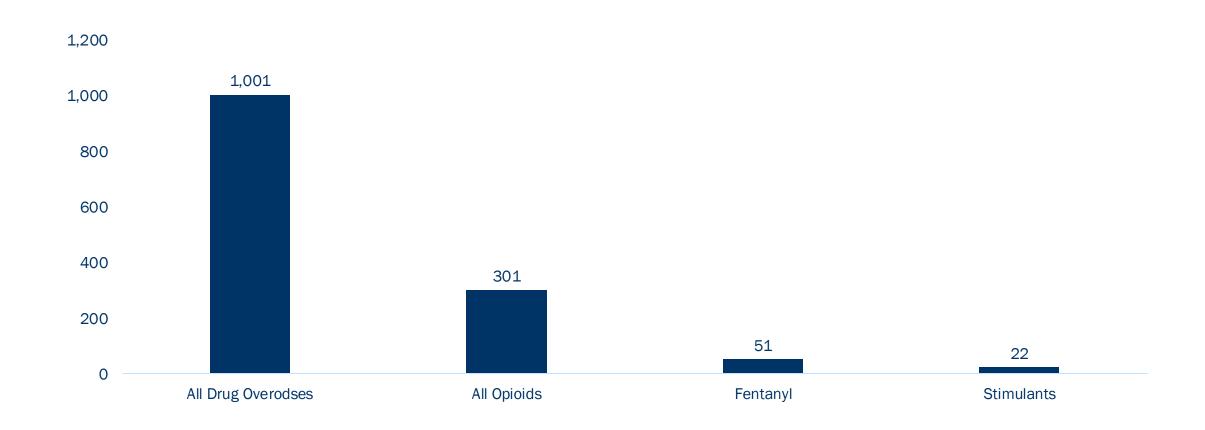
Suspected all drug overdose encounters at emergency departments in Washoe County, NV, 2021-2024





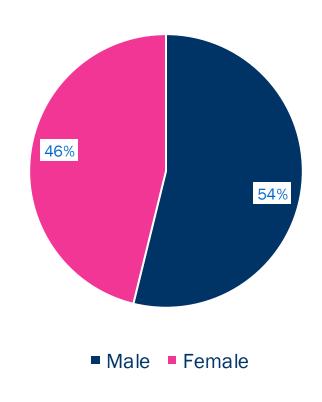
Substances Involved in Emergency Department Overdose Encounters, Washoe County, January 2024 – June 2024





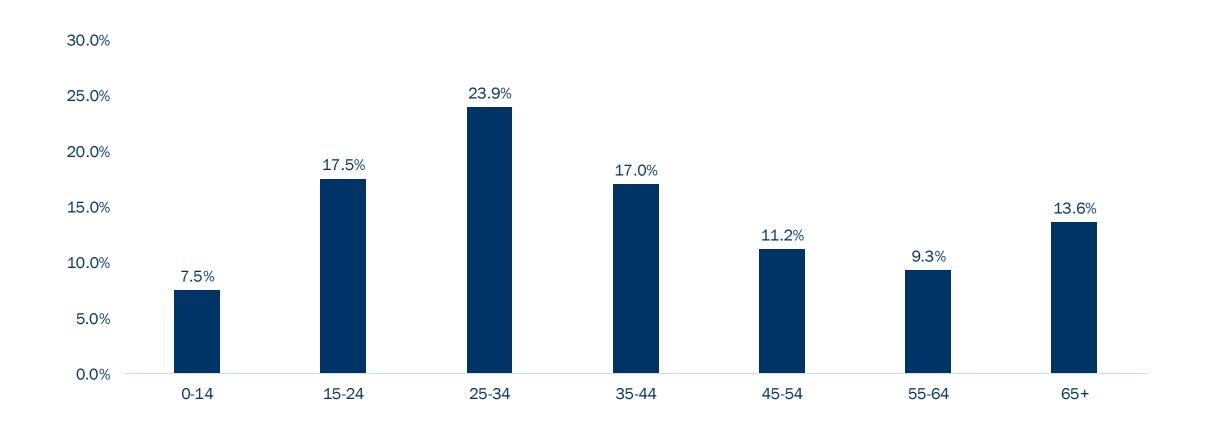






Age of Emergency Department Overdose Encounters, Washoe County, January 2024 – June 2024



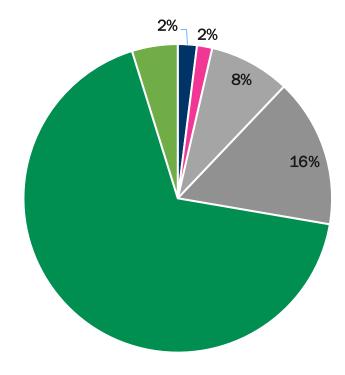


Race/Ethnicity of Emergency Department Overdose Encounters, Washoe County, January 2024 – June 2024





- Asian/Pacific Islander
- Black or African American
- Hispanic/Latino
- White
- Multiple/Other



	Rate per 100,000 population
Black or African American	566.9
American Indian/Alaska Native	291.9
White	205.0
Hispanic/Latino	102.3
Asian/Pacific Islander	36.9

Note: Race and ethnicity categories utilize calculated and combined race and ethnicity categories using the CDC NSSP broad definition (if ethnicity is not reported, it is non-Hispanic), which was computed using PHIN flatline codes. All categories are non-Hispanic unless otherwise stated. Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander are included in the Asian category. Data quality may change month to month race/ethnicity. Percentages exclude missing data. NH=Non-Hispanic. Al/AN = American Indian/Alaskan Native. Other includes multi-racial and other race.

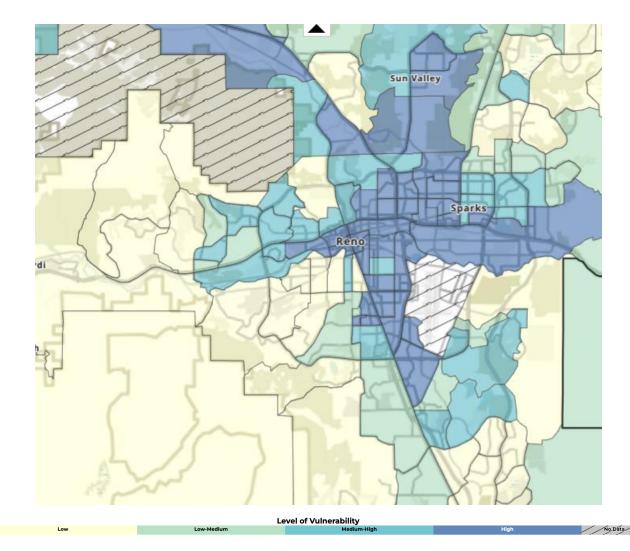
Social Vulnerability and Emergency Department Overdose Encounters, Washoe County, January 2024 – June 2024



- The CDC created a Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) to determine the social vulnerability of every county and census tract in the US
 - Index measure based on 15 social factors, including poverty, lack of vehicle access, and crowded housing.

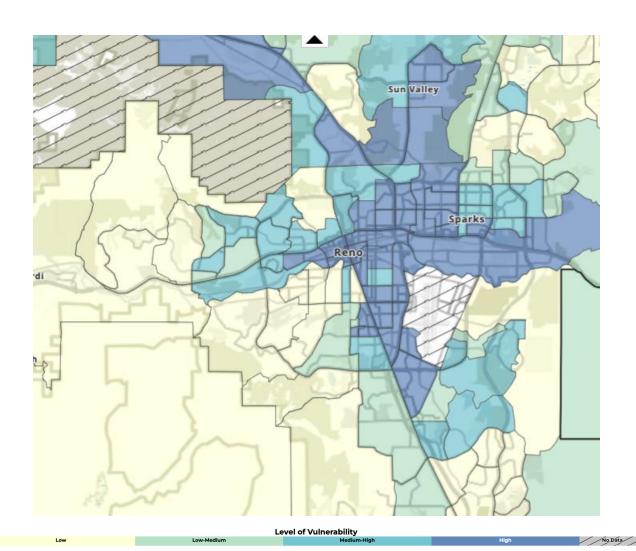
• Each county and census tract are assigned a score ranging from 0 (low vulnerability) to 1 (high vulnerability).





Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) in Washoe County





Between January – June 2024, 97% of suspected drug overdose emergency department encounters in Washoe County were from patients living in areas of medium-high and high vulnerability (turquoise and dark blue).





 Focusing on statewide data due to small Washoe-County specific counts

• I will go through this section quickly and am only showing inpatient admissions data – overall this data shows the same highlights/trends as what we see with syndromic surveillance data

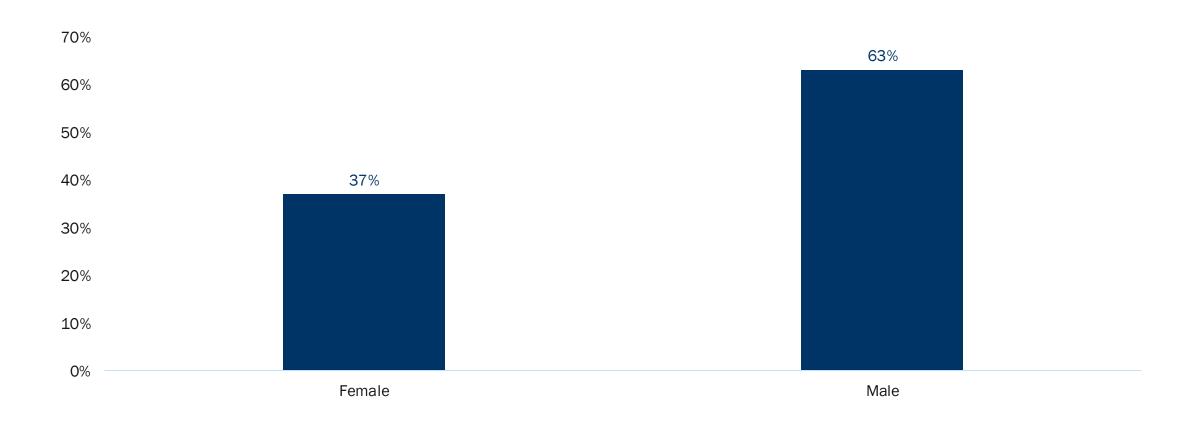
<u>Inpatient Admission Discharges</u> for Opioid-Related Conditions in NV from <u>Billing Data</u>, 2022-2023





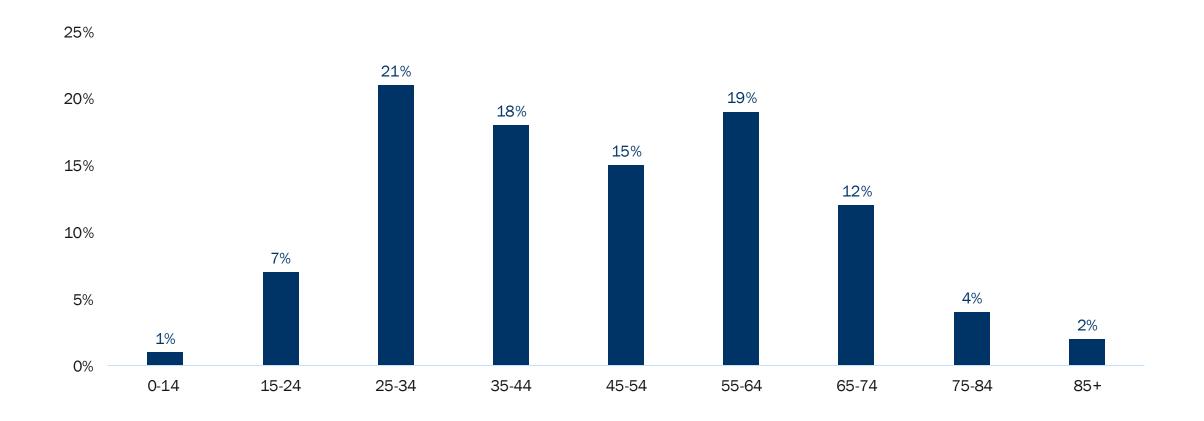
<u>Sex</u> of <u>Inpatient Admission Discharges</u> for Opioid-Related Conditions in NV from <u>Billing Data</u>, 2023





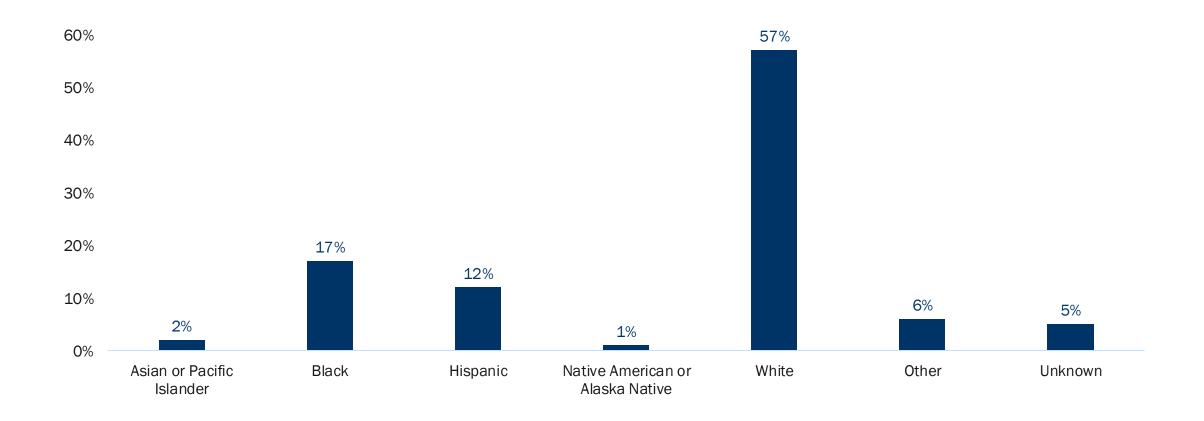
Age of <u>Inpatient Admission Discharges</u> for Opioid-Related Conditions in NV from <u>Billing Data</u>, 2023





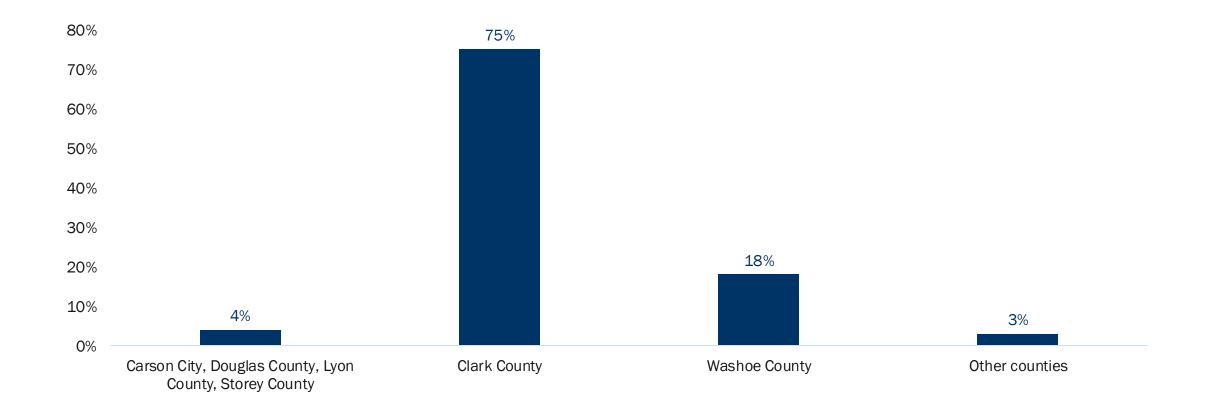
Race/Ethnicity of Inpatient Admission Discharges for Opioid-Related Conditions in NV from Billing Data, 2023





<u>Location</u> of <u>Inpatient Admission Discharges</u> for Opioid-Related Conditions in NV from <u>Billing Data</u>, 2023





Hospital-based Data Sources: Key Takeaways



- Different systems with unique features
- Syndromic Surveillance: Suspected overdose visits increased from 2021 to 2023
 - All drug visits increased by 24% statewide
 - Opioid visits increased by 46% statewide
 - Similar patterns observed in Washoe County
- Inpatient billing data
 - Slight increase in inpatient encounters

Mortality Data

Data prepared/compiled by:

Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Analytics

Nevada Overdose Data to Action Program

Washoe County Regional Medical Examiner's Office



Mortality Data Sources



- SUDORS
 - Nevada Overdose Data to Action
- Washoe County Regional Medical Examiner's Office

State Unintentional Drug Overdose Reporting System (SUDORS)



- Ascertained via death investigation, toxicology, and death certificates
- Case definition: Unintentional/undetermined intent drug overdose among Nevada residents
 - 2021: 787 deaths
 - 2022: 836 deaths
- Limitations:
 - Data lag
 - Missing data
 - Witness report
- Public-facing dashboard at:
 - https://app.powerbigov.us/view?r=eyJrljoiNzlxNjlzMTktYmNiYy00YWRhLTk00WQtNmYwZDA2YjQ40TZjliwidCl6ImU0YTM 0MGU2LWl40WUtNGU20C04ZWFhLTE1NDRkMjcwMzk4MCJ9

2022 Statewide SUDORS Data: Total Numbers and Circumstances



KEY METRICS (2022)

836
UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATHS

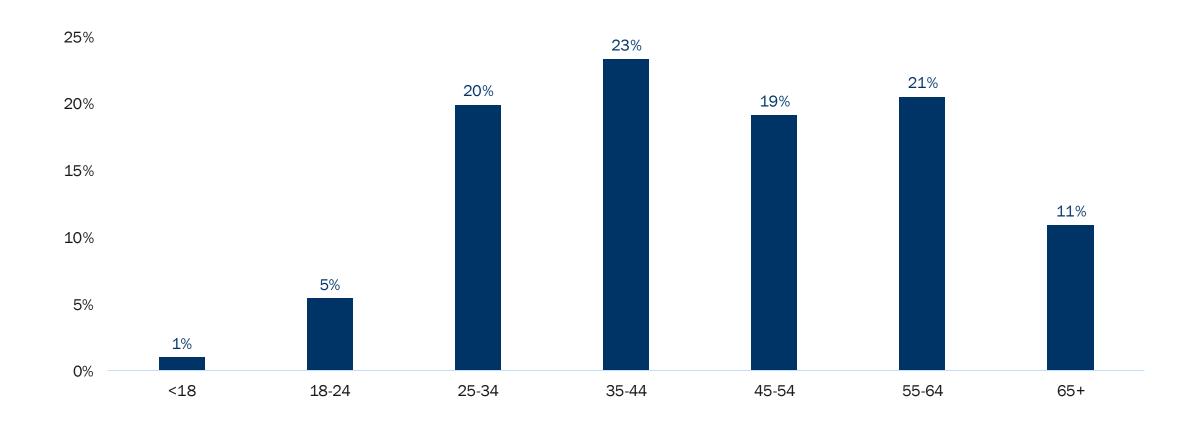
26.1
UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATH CRUDE RATE PER 100K POPULATION

25.2
UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATH AGEADJUSTED RATE PER 100.000

CIRCUMSTANCE	OVERDOSES	PERCENT	
Evidence Substance Use	569	68.1	%
Occured in Household	497	59.4	%
Bystanders Present	364	43.5	%
Mental Health Diagnosis	185	22.1	%
Naloxone Administered	171	20.5	%
Homeless	88	10.5	%
Ever Treated for SUD	76	9.1	%
Previous Overdose	72	8.6	%
Released From Institution	72	8.6	%
Served in U.S. Military	67	8.0	%
Treated For Pain	7	0.8	%







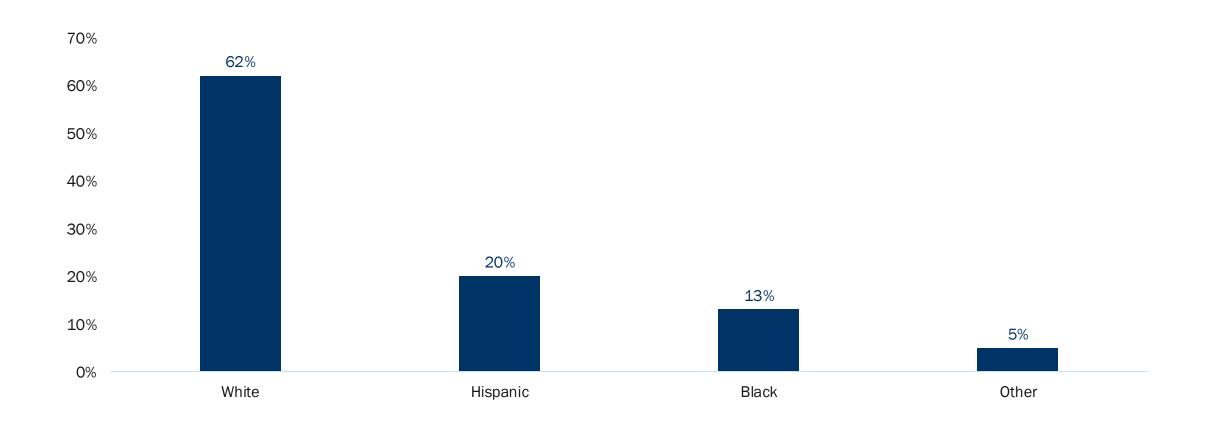






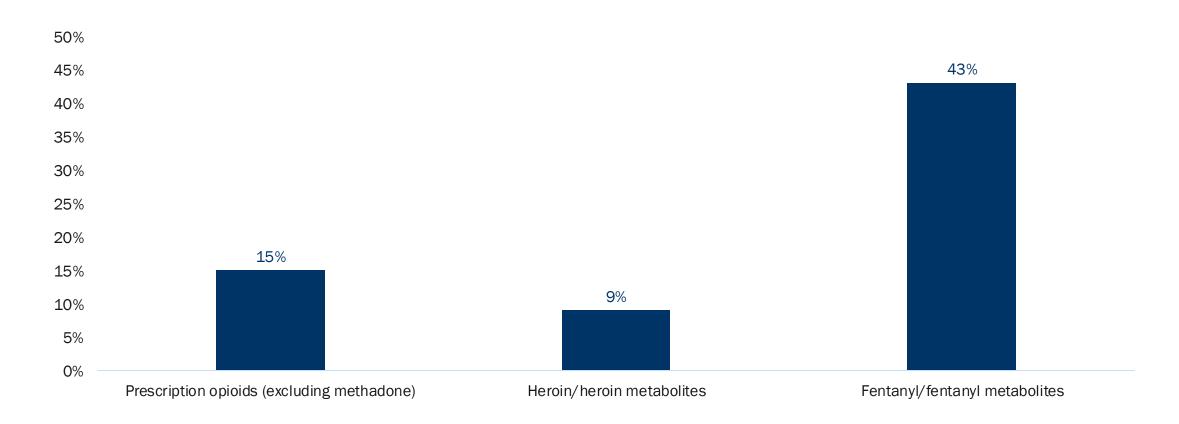






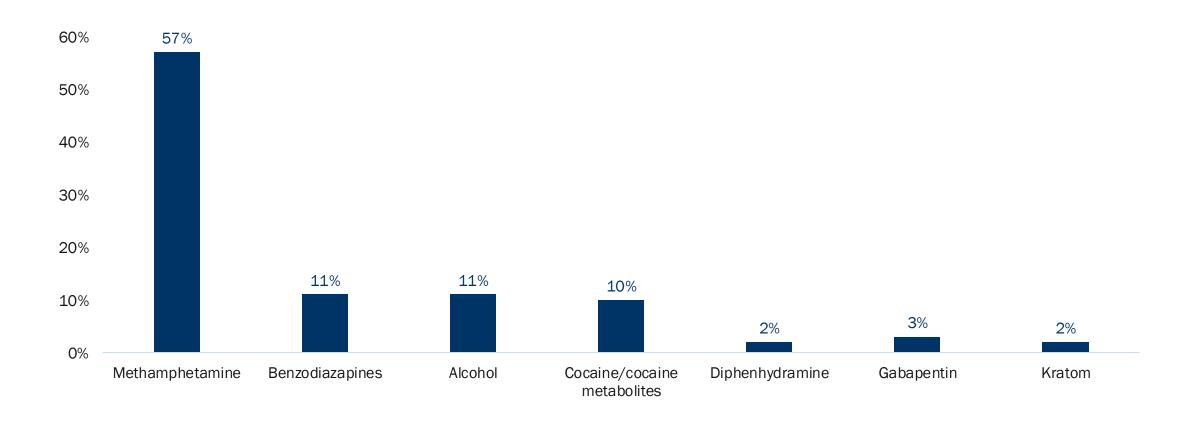
SUDORS Demographics: Opioids Attributing to Death





SUDORS Demographics: Top Non-opioids Contributing to Death









RATE OF DEATHS PER 100K POPULATION (KEYMETRICS (2022) ■ CRUDE RATE ■ AGE-ADJUSTED RATE 237 UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATHS 47.2 UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATH CRUDE RATE PER 100K POPULATION 44.8 UNINTENTIONAL DRUG DEATH AGE-ADJUSTED RATE PER 100,000 YEAR ANNUAL % CHANGE 2022 47.2 9.5% 43.1 2021 22.1% 2020 35.3 27.4% 2019 27.7 N/A 2019 2021 2022

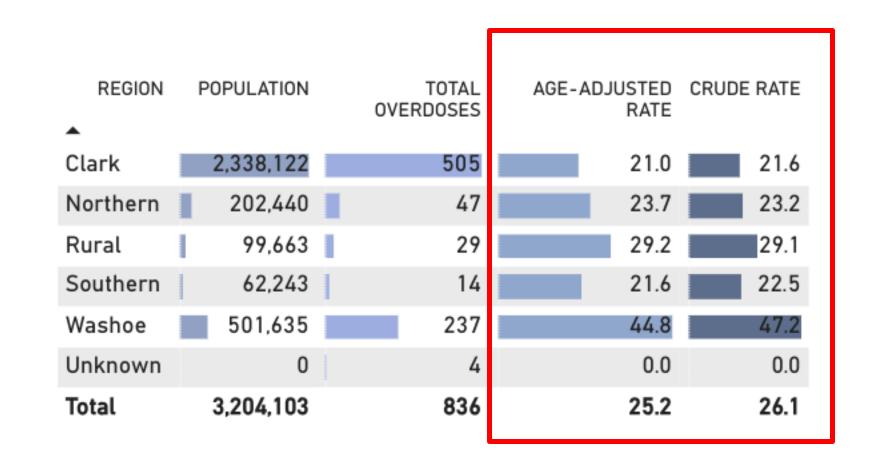




REGION	POPULATION	TOTAL OVERDOSES	AGE-ADJUSTED RATE	CRUDE RATE
•				
Clark	2,338,122	505	21.0	21.6
Northern	202,440	47	23.7	23.2
Rural	99,663	29	29.2	29.1
Southern	62,243	14	21.6	22.5
Washoe	501,635	237	44.8	47.2
Unknown	0	4	0.0	0.0
Total	3,204,103	836	25.2	26.1

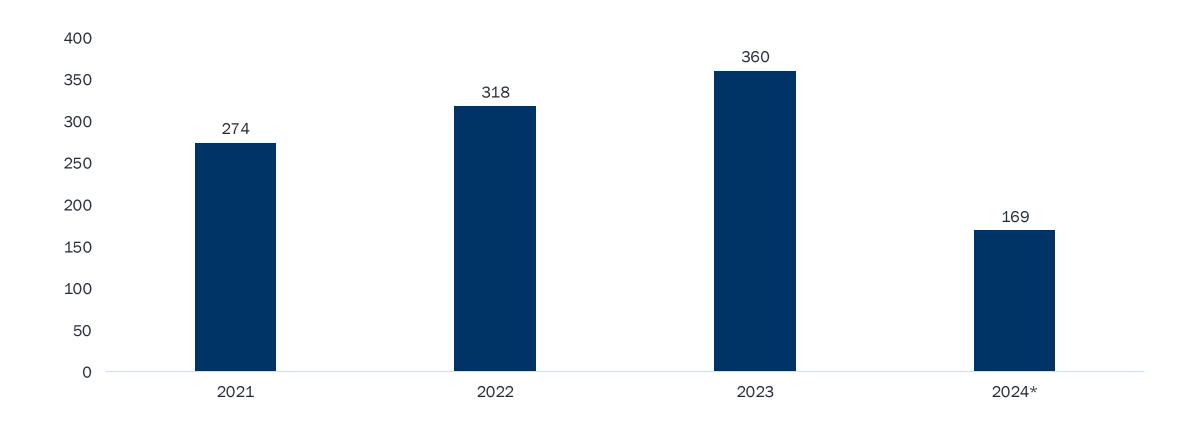






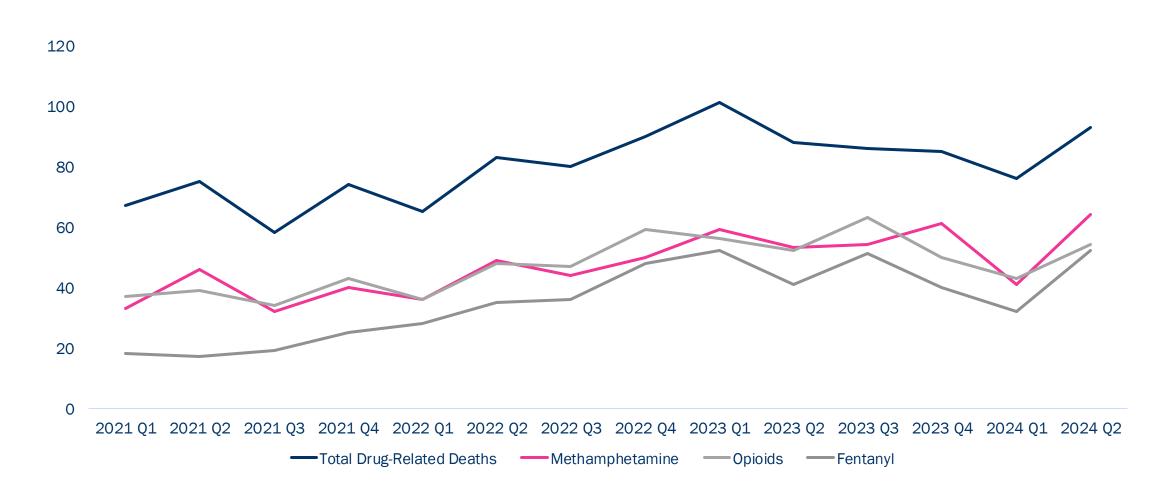
Washoe County Regional Medical Examiner's Office – Drug Related Deaths in Washoe County, 2021-2024 (first half)





Drug-Related Deaths in Washoe County, 2021-2024 (first half)





Summary



- Comparing SUDORS data from 2021 to 2022:
 - Increase in number of overdoses between 2021 and 2022 (6% increase)
 - Increase in deaths attributed to fentanyl (20% increase)
- Comparing Washoe County vs. the rest of the state
 - Overdose fatality rates increased in Washoe County between 2019 and 2022, following the same general trend as statewide data
 - However, Washoe County had highest rate of overdose deaths by a significant margin
- Most common substances involved:
 - Methamphetamine
 - Opioids
 - Fentanyl



Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) Data

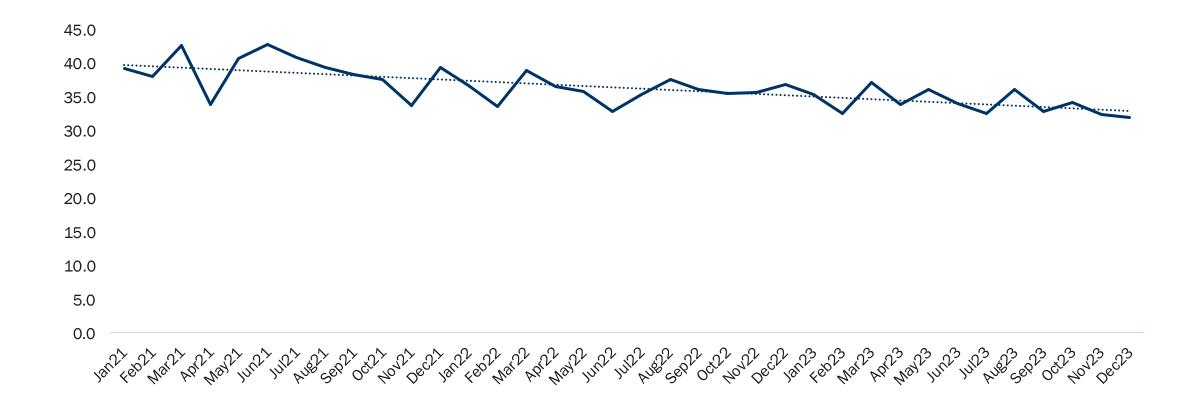
Prescription Drug Monitoring Program



- Stores comprehensive client record of reportable prescriptions across providers.
- Assists in improving patient care and reducing misuse of controlled substances
 - Prescribed opioids: opioid analgesic-controlled substance prescriptions dispensed, including schedule II, III, IV prescription opioids dispensed to patients
- Limitations:
 - Data are total number of prescriptions filled to Nevada residents
 - Does not capture whether medications were taken as prescribed or taken by the prescribed patient
 - Counts are not mutually exclusive
 - A person can have more than one prescription



Opioid prescriptions (rate per 1,000 residents), 2021-2023





Total number of opioid prescriptions in Nevada, 2019-2023

- 2019 Prescriptions: 1,720,382
- 2020 Prescriptions: 1,617,664
- 2021 Prescriptions: 1,474,223
- 2022 Prescriptions: 1,363,910
- 2023 Prescriptions: 956,659

44% decrease from 2019 - 2023

Total number of <u>opioid prescriptions</u> in Washoe County, 2019-2023

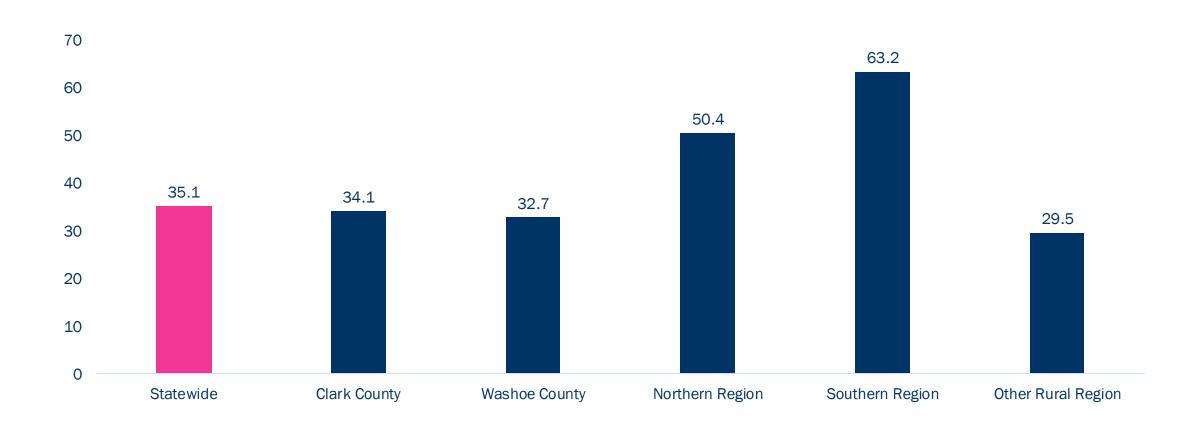


- 2019 Prescriptions: 250,940
- 2020 Prescriptions: 232,248
- 2021 Prescriptions: 211,636
- 2022 Prescriptions: 197,488
- 2023 Prescriptions: 196,745

22% decrease from 2019 - 2023

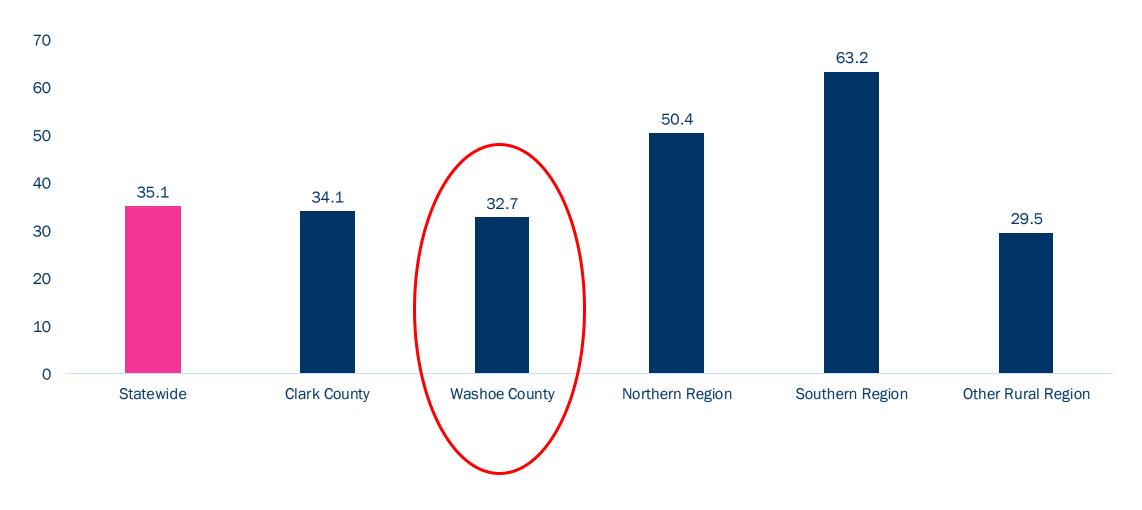






Average monthly prescription rate per 1,000 population in Nevada by region, 2023







Summary



Data Trends



Source	Summary
Hospital Data	
Billing DataSyndromic Surveillance	 From 2022 to 2023, increase in inpatient visits for opioid poisoning and little change for emergency department visits Increases in suspected opioid overdoses in ED from syndromic surveillance from 2021 to 2023 (24% for all drugs)
Mortality	
• SUDORS	 6% increase in deaths from SUDORS, with 20% increase in deaths involving fentanyl Washoe County's unintentional overdose death rate is nearly twice as high as all other jurisdictions
Prescribing	
• PDMP	44% decrease in prescriptions statewide since 2019, 22% in Washoe County





- Nevada OD2A Website
 - Monthly syndromic surveillance reports
- Nevada Office of Analytics
 - SUDORS dashboard updated annually
 - PDMP data dashboard updated monthly



Questions?

Please reach out to me (Taylor Lensch) at tlensch@unr.edu

